

Where we began...



Elevate Louisiana! Educate & Innovate

Louisiana's goals for higher education

Educate

Innovate

"Educate through Higher Education to improve Lives and Create a Strong Workforce."

Enable Louisiana's working age population to participate in and complete a degree/credential program to improve their lives and deliver the workforce needed to support the state's economic expansion.

"Innovate to Build Louisiana's Economy."

Invest strategically in research that supports innovation and economic development.

www.regents.la.gov



#ElevateLouisiana

Louisiana Higher Education: The True Picture				
	Higher Education Institutions (Excluding LOSFA and Hospitals) Total State Self Generated Federal Funds and			
Fiscal Year	Funds	Funds	Interagency Transfers	Total
FY 08-09	\$1,571,583,691	\$721,868,856	\$142,575,679	\$2,436,028,226
	FY 08-09 Mandated Costs Paid Back To The State			(\$445,116,071)
	*FY 08-09 Scholarships and Fellowships (\$100,913,609)			(\$100,913,609)
	Dollars available for operations			<u>\$1,889,998,546</u>
	Total State	Self Generated	Federal Funds and	
Fiscal Year	Funds	Funds	Interagency Transfers	Total
FY 17-18	\$831,689,005	\$1,457,093,461	\$55,764,068	\$2,344,546,534
FY 17-18 Mandated Costs Paid Back To The State			/¢c10 026 070)	
	FY 1	7-18 Manaatea Cos	is Paia Back to the State	(\$618,026,878)
	FY 1		olarships and Fellowships	
		*FY 17-18 Scho		(\$219,219,708)

*Institutions provide scholarships/fellowships to attract the best students and to abide by legislative mandates at the expense of not receiving all budgeted tuition/fees.

Note: Self generated funds include \$123 million of TOPS awards in FY 09 and \$272 million in FY 18.



FY 18 Higher Education Mandated Costs		
Teachers Retirement	\$228,608,968	
Group Insurance - Actives	\$129,067,308	
Group Insurance - Retirees	\$80,871,798	
LASERS	\$71,526,143	
Office of Risk Management	\$49,873,000	
Other Retirement	\$16,918,712	
Legislative Auditor	\$5,459,192	
FICA/Medicare Tax	\$16,726,809	
Civil Service/CPTP	\$1,199,151	
Office of State Purchasing (OSP)	\$200,358	
Building Rent/Maintenance	\$2,563,377	
Group Insurance Life	\$1,486,174	
Unemployment Benefits	\$840,752	
Office of Telecommunication Services (OTS)	\$664,783	
Capital Park Security	\$118,232	
Other Related Benefits	\$271,847	
UPS	\$6,012	
Other	\$11,624,261	
TOTAL	\$618,026,878	



74¢ of every \$1 in state higher education funding goes back to the state for mandated costs





Source: Board of Regents

Institution Name	State Appropriated	Mandated	% Returned
	Funds	Costs	to State
	_		
Baton Rouge CC	\$15,200,098	\$10,723,074	70.55%
Bossier Parish CC	\$11,236,687	\$7,382,346	65.70%
Central LA Tech. CC	\$6,403,870	\$3,602,264	56.25%
Delgado CC	\$27,140,558	\$20,721,299	76.35%
L.E. Fletcher Tech. CC	\$3,541,215	\$2,712,392	76.59%
	4	4	
LCTC BOS	\$17,099,163	\$2,783,293	16.28%
LCTCS Online	\$1,286,145	\$44,876	3.49%
Louisiana Delta CC	\$7,758,265	\$3,957,342	51.01%
Louisiana Tech.	\$8,791,909	\$7,446,349	84.70%
College			
Nunez CC	\$3,768,815	\$2,636,740	69.96%
Northshore Tech. CC	\$5,628,238	\$3,674,045	65.28%
River Parishes CC	\$3,473,463	\$1,961,485	56.47%
South Louisiana CC	\$13,000,056	\$8,252,476	63.48%
Sowela Technical CC	\$8,494,558	\$4,353,070	51.25%
LCTC System Total	\$132,823,040	\$80,251,051	60.42%

Institution Name	State Appropriated Funds	Mandated Costs	% Returned to State
Southern Ag. Ctr.	\$5,255,225	\$2,327,037	44.28%
Southern BR A&M	\$21,280,573	\$20,329,483	95.53%
Southern Law	\$4,224,000	\$2,375,733	56.24%
Southern New Orleans	\$6,763,647	\$5,345,733	79.04%
Southern Shreveport	\$5,713,034	\$3,505,415	61.36%
SU BOS	\$2,959,185	\$559,218	18.90%
SU System Total	\$46,195,664	\$34,442,619	74.56%



Mandated Costs by Institution

Institution Name	State Appropriated Funds	Mandated Costs	% Returned to State
LSU Ag Center	\$72,048,788	\$31,825,710	44.17%
LSU Alexandria	\$5,122,767	\$5,448,600	106.36%
LSU A&M	\$128,728,129	\$123,403,387	95.86%
LSU Eunice	\$4,876,931	\$3,887,488	79.71%
LSU HSC - New Orleans	\$80,082,407	\$42,899,870	53.57%
LSU HSC - Shreveport	\$65,603,447	\$48,167,495	73.42%
LSU Shreveport	\$8,262,843	\$7,401,314	89.57%
Pennington	\$16,279,215	\$9,957,469	61.17%
LSU System Total	\$381,004,527	\$272,991,333	71.65%

Institution Name	State Appropriated Funds	Mandated Costs	% Returned to State
Grambling State	\$13,467,931	\$13,566,602	100.73%
Louisiana Tech	\$29,154,266	\$30,349,414	104.10%
McNeese State	\$19,472,648	\$19,781,621	101.59%
Nicholls State	\$15,130,583	\$18,598,607	122.92%
Northwestern State	\$21,135,713	\$20,476,389	96.88%
Southeastern La	\$29,558,328	\$35,705,892	120.80%
ULBOS	\$1,025,487	\$1,006,496	98.15%
Univ. of La - Lafayette	\$47,947,123	\$44,524,788	92.86%
Univ. of La - Monroe	\$25,870,239	\$21,287,744	82.29%
Univ. of New Orleans	\$29,183,813	\$20,882,447	71.55%
UL System Total	\$231,946,131	\$226,180,000	97.51%

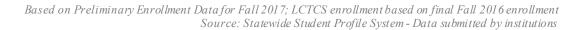
Mid-Year Budget Cuts

Fiscal Year	Mid-Year Cut to Higher Education
FY 09	\$55,182,262
FY 10	\$83,961,506
FY 11	\$34,745,030
FY 12	\$116,223,039
FY 13	\$22,834,387
FY 14	\$0
FY 15	\$4,946,681
FY 16	\$67,802
FY 17	\$18,224,266

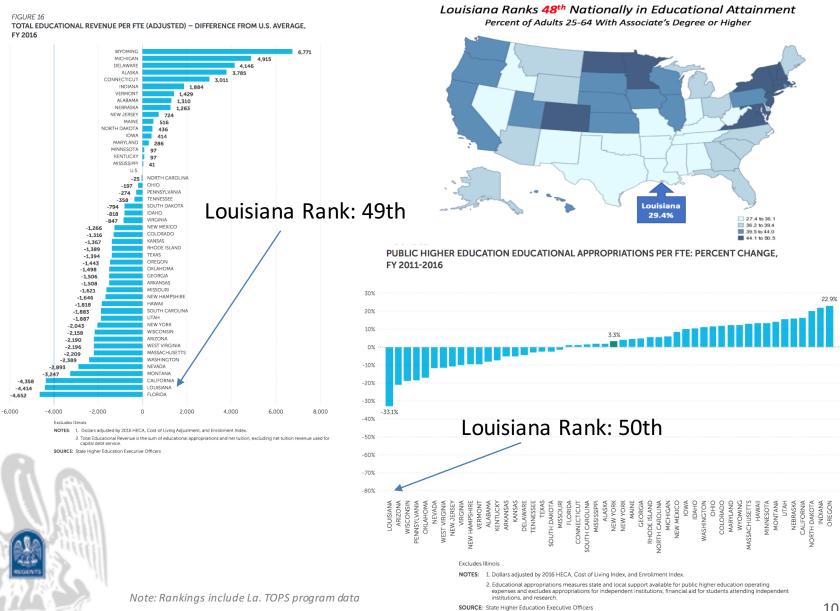


Louisiana Public Higher Education Enrollment Student Headcount History





How does Louisiana rank nationally?



How does Louisiana rank when compared to SREB peer institutions?



Education Board

	Public 4-Year Institutions	Public 2-Year Institutions
Funds for Educational and General Operations Per FTE	\$11,715 Last in SREB	\$5,825 Last in SREB
Student	2001111 01125	2000
Average Salaries, Full-Time	\$65,400	\$43,800
Instructional Faculty	Second Lowest in SREB	Lowest in SREB
6-Year Graduation Rate	44.7%	N/A
	Second Lowest in SREB	
3-Year Graduation Rate	N/A	8.9%
		Lowest in SREB
4-Year Graduation Rate	20.2%	N/A
	Lowest in SREB	
2-Year Graduation Rate	N/A	4.6%
		Lowest in SREB
Progression Rates	68% (6 Years)	41% (3 Years)
	Third Lowest in SREB	Lowest in SREB
Average Cost of Attendance	\$16,900	N/A
For One Year at a Public	Lowest in SREB	
Four-Year Institution		
Average Debt of Graduates	\$21,640	
with Debt at Public Four- Year Graduates	Second Lowest in SREB	



Source: SREB 2015 Fact Book

Why does higher education matter?

Individuals with higher levels of education earn more, pay more taxes, and are more likely than others to be employed.

In 2015, median earnings of bachelor's degree recipients with no advanced degree working full time were \$24,600 (67%) higher than those of high school graduates. Bachelor's degree recipients paid an estimated \$6,900 (91%) more in taxes and took home \$17,700 (61%) more in after-tax income than high school graduates.

-Education Pays 2016, College Board

LSU System supports \$3.9 billion in sales in Louisiana (Barnes & Terrell, 2013)

UL System creates an annual
economic impact
of \$3.4 billion in
Louisiana
(UL System, 2008)

SU System contributes
\$147.5 million in
economic
activity to
Louisiana
(Hanover Research,
2016)

LCTC System – Salary earnings for recent LCTCS graduates totaled \$1.05 billion, with the majority of graduates earning that income (and being taxed) in Louisiana.
(LCTCS, 2016)

Total Tax Revenue Increase

•Over an average lifetime, graduates with bachelor's degrees pay \$563,000 more in taxes than highschool graduates who never attend college.

Decrease in
Total
Government
Expenditure

•Over an average lifetime, college graduates receive \$50,000 less in Medicaid, Supplemental Security Income, unemployment benefits and other such benefits than do high-school graduates who never attended college.

public benefits

Measurable

- •On average, college graduates:
- •Are more-active participants in democracy, with higher voting rates.
- •Participate in community organizations.
- •Lead healthier lifestyles.
- •Are less likely to be involved in criminal activities.
- •Fund the State's retirement plan.



Public Benefits from College Graduates, Trostel (2017)

What happened???



Legislative Recap

Act 44 >>> Sets TOPS awards to the amount of tuition charged during the 2016-17 school year.

Act 293 >>> Extends the sunset of the public postsecondary boards' authority to establish student fees to the 2020 academic year.

<u>Act 250</u> >>> Provides that students found not to be college ready shall be given the opportunity to take college transition courses in high school beginning with the 2019 school year.

<u>Act 267</u>>>> Prohibits an institution from inquiring about a prospective student's criminal history, except for specified offenses, prior to acceptance for admission.

<u>Act 353</u> >>> Creates the Achieving a Better Life Experience in Louisiana Fund (ABLE) and provides for the deposit, investment, and distribution of such funds.



Legislative Recap

SB 225>>> Creates the LaSTEM Advisory Council chaired by the Commissioner; provides for duties & functions; and creates a fund.

<u>HCR 89</u>>>> Requests the Board of Regents and the UL and SU Boards of Supervisors jointly study the possibility of revising the reclassification and admission standards for UNO and SUNO.

SCR 110 >>> Creates a task force to study TOPS, including a review of the program's purpose and history, the role of the program in relation to tuition and fees, and other institutional, state and federal financial assistance programs, and ways to ensure the program's long-term viability.

HB 269>>> Provides for the free expression policies on college campuses. VETOED



Higher Education FY18 Budget

- Board of Regents budget was decreased by \$1.3M to provide funding to the Department of Health for Mental Health Services.
- Higher Education budget was decreased by \$500k to provide funding to the Workforce Commission for Rehabilitation Services.
- Means of Finance adjustment to decrease the Tobacco Fund based on Revenue Estimating Conference projections by \$2.4M and increase State General Fund by a like amount to fund TOPS. NOTE: The \$2.4M is included in the \$84.1M to fully fund TOPS.



- TOPS is fully funded at \$291.2M. This represents an increase of \$84.2M above Fiscal Year 2016-2017.
- GO Grants remain funded at the Fiscal Year 2016-2017 level of \$26.4M.

Where are we going???



2016 Regional Concerns/Recommendations

#	Concerns Raised/Recommendations Made During the 2016 #RalloTour
1	Stability of state funding for all college and universities
2	ACT 619 – Unification measures
3	What steps are being put in place to make TOPS more manageable and control for growth?
4	What measures can be taken to encourage students to graduate in 4 years?
6	How will BOR's policy on Dual Enrollment impact access, equity and participation for high school students?
7	There is much talk about colleges responsibility to prepare students to meet the demands of business and industry and reduce the workforce gap in LA. How? Is that higher ed's role? What about adult learners?

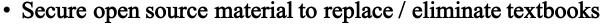


Moving Forward

- Act 619 implementation
- Solidify dual credit policy (Act 250)
 - Address use of \$10,000,000 in Governor's Budget
 - Fix remedial need in high school



- FY 17: 70% base, 15% cost, 15% outcomes
- FY 18: 65% base, 17.5% cost, 17.5% outcomes



- Statewide plan presented to Board of Regents
- Revisit TOPS
- Advance LaSTEM Council
- Educate legislators well before start of next session and the 'fiscal cliff'





Five Metrics

Indicators of progress toward elevating Louisiana higher education

More Louisianans will be ready for postsecondary education.

Enrollment

More students will enroll in postsecondary education.

Progression & More students will advance through the system.

Job Preparation

Louisianans will be prepared for life and work.



Louisiana's communities and economy will benefit.







#ElevateLouisiana

THANK YOU FOR SUPPORTING LOUISIANA HIGHER EDUCATION

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